UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Puerto Rico

ase No. 25-031 (FAB)
25-mj-078 (HRV)
a

ISRAEL JOSE GONZALEZ-ROSADO Defendant)	Case No. 25-031 (FAB) 25-mj-078 (HRV)
	TIO	N PENDING TRIAL
Part I - Eligibility for Detention		
Upon the		
✓ Motion of the Government attorney pursus✓ Motion of the Government or Court's own		
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i)		•
Part II - Findings of Fact and La	w as t	to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
and the community because the following conditions (1) the defendant is charged with one of the f (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) an offense for which the maximum ter Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 (d) any felony if such person has been ce (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two	dition s have following U.S. of term of in § 801-of Tit conviction model (c) of the second model (c) o	ing crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or ice is life imprisonment or death; or imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the -904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act the 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or ted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs ore State or local offenses that would have been offenses this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal
 (e) any felony that is not otherwise a cri (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv (2) the defendant has previously been convicted § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) abord committed while the defendant was on release 	me of a fired a fail a fail a fail a fail ted of at would have for e pende	Eviolence but involves: arm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); lure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i> a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. all have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise r which the defendant has been convicted was ding trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i>
(4) a period of not more than five years has e	iapsed	I since the date of conviction, or the release of the

defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the
defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21
U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term o
imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
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AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial
Significant family or other ties outside the United States Lack of legal status in the United States Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration Prior failure to appear in court as ordered Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement Use of alias(es) or false documents Background information unknown or unverified Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:
Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

s/ Héctor L. Ramos-Vega

United States Magistrate Judge

02/04/2025

Date: